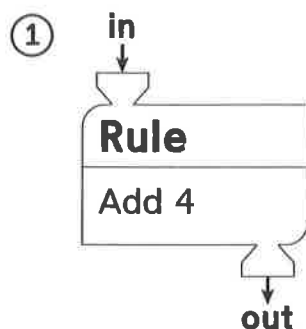


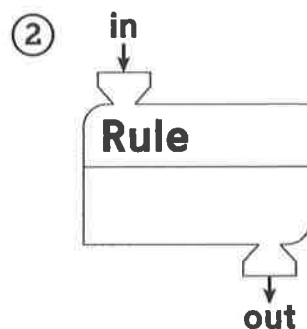


Unit 3 Assessment

Complete the tables. Write your own number pair in the last row of each table.



in	out
14	
	12
7	
15	
	32



in	out
10	1
13	4
30	
	43
	13

For each problem, use rounding to estimate and then solve.
Use your estimate to check whether your answer makes sense.
Show your work.

③ a. Estimate: _____

b.

$$\begin{array}{r} 169 \\ + 28 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

④ a. Estimate: _____

b.

$$\begin{array}{r} 82 \\ - 36 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

c. Does your answer make sense? Explain.



Unit 3 Assessment (continued)

⑤ a. Estimate: _____

b.

$$\begin{array}{r} 386 \\ + 145 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

c. Does your answer make sense? Explain.

⑥ a. Estimate: _____

b.

$$\begin{array}{r} 293 \\ - 85 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

⑦ Use the tally chart and the key to complete the picture graph.

3rd Grade Milk Choices

Kind of Milk	Number of Children
white	
chocolate	
no milk	

3rd Grade Milk Choices

white	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
chocolate	
no milk	

Key: ☐ = 5 children

**Unit 3 Assessment** (continued)

⑧ Use the turn-around rule to solve and draw arrays for each fact.

a. $5 \times 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $7 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b. $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 10 \times 3$ $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 3 \times 10$

c. How does drawing arrays for these fact pairs help you understand the turn-around rule?

**Unit 3 Assessment** (continued)

- ⑨ Write a number sentence to match each array.

a. $\begin{array}{ccc} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \end{array}$

Number sentence: _____

b. $\begin{array}{cc} \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet \end{array}$

Number sentence: _____

- c. Which array, a or b, in Problem 9 shows a multiplication square? Explain.

- ⑩ Li does not know the answer to 6×4 . She does know that $5 \times 4 = 20$, so she uses it as a helper fact. Li starts by drawing this array for $5 \times 4 = 20$:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \times & \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times & \times \end{array}$$

Show on the picture and explain how Li can use this array to help her figure out 6×4 .



Unit 3 Challenge

- ① Elias likes to skip count equal groups when he is multiplying.
He has to solve 10×4 .

a. 10×4 means _____ groups of _____

4×10 means _____ groups of _____

b. How are 10×4 and 4×10 alike?

c. Would it be easier for Elias to skip count 4 groups of 10 or 10 groups of 4? Explain.

**Unit 3 Challenge** (continued)

② Logan wants to solve 8×7 . She knows $10 \times 7 = 70$.

a. 10×7 means _____ groups of _____

8×7 means _____ groups of _____

b. Logan uses the subtracting-a-group strategy with 10×7 to help her figure out 8×7 . Use numbers, pictures, or words to explain what Logan did.

$$8 \times 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$